






# **Thin Asphalt Overlays from Research to Implementation**

**Pennsylvania Asphalt Pavement Association  
57<sup>th</sup> Annual Conference  
January 18, 2017**

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Penn State University**

# Outline

-  **THMAO As A Pavement Preservation Strategy**
-  **Mix Design and Evaluation**
-  **Construction**
-  **Quality Control**
-  **Performance Evaluation**







# **THIN OVERLAYS FOR PAVEMENT PRESERVATION**

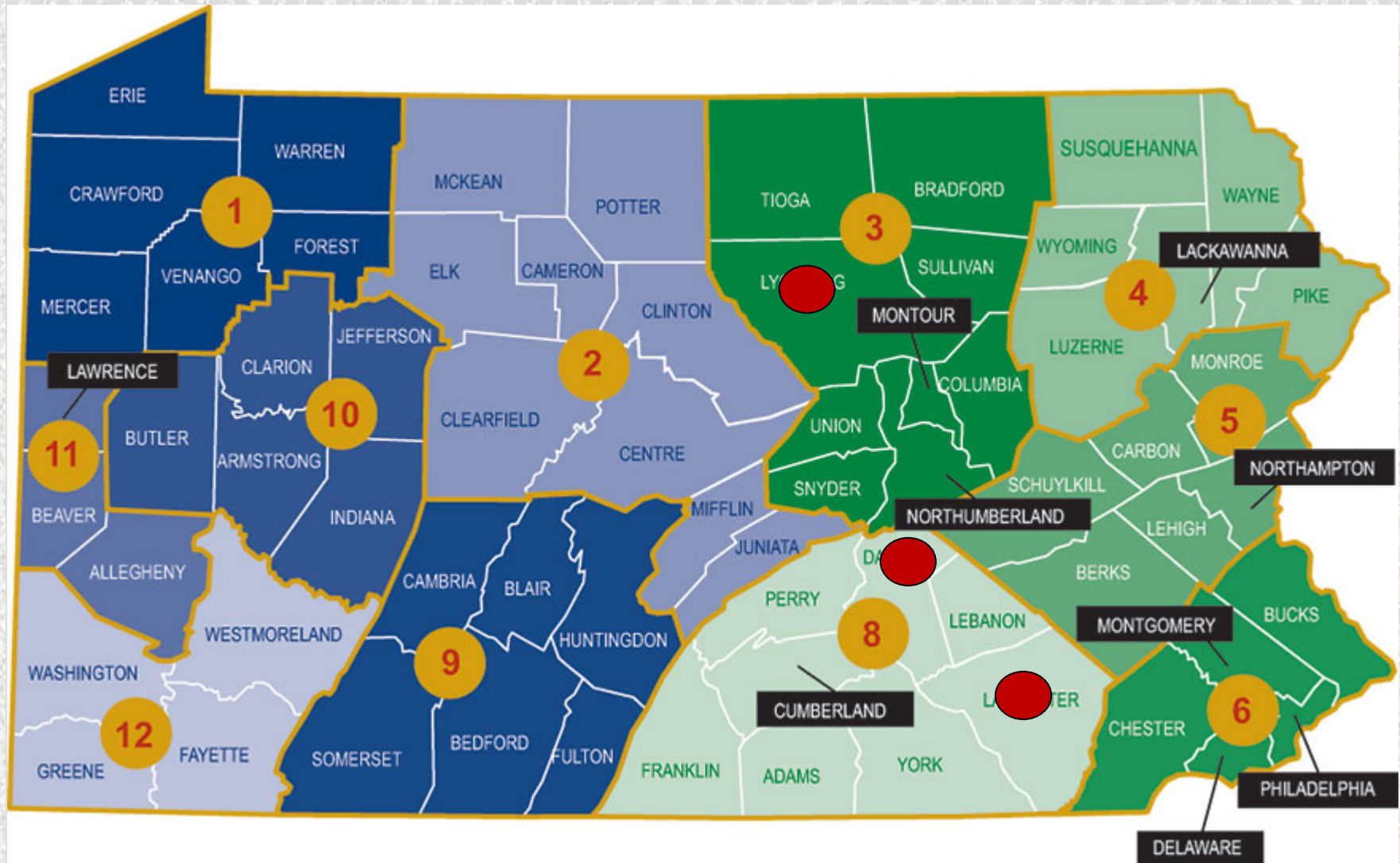
# **PennDOT Research Project on THMAO**

- **Four Year Project: June 2012 – June 2016**
- **Initiated by PAPA/PennDOT**
- **Included Three Demonstration Projects**
- **Research Team:**
  - **Penn State (Prime Contractor)**
  - **Advanced Infrastructure Design**
  - **Quality Engineering Solutions, Inc.**
  - **Penetradar Corporation**





# Pilot Projects



# Roadway Improvement Activities

Activity	Pavement Preservation				
	Reconstruction	Major Rehabilitation	Minor Rehabilitation	Preventive Maintenance	Routine Maintenance
Increase Capacity	●	●			
Increase Structural Strength	●	●	? Depends		
Improve Pavement Condition	●	●	●	●	●
Restore Serviceability	●	●	●	●	●
Extend Service Life	●	●	●	●	●



# How Thick is Thin Asphalt?

- Placed up to 1.25 inches in thickness

- Ultrathin layers:  
between  
0.5'' and 1.0''



09.06.2013 09:39





# Practice in Other States

State	Term	Type	Sieve mm	%Pass	Thick- ness, in
IN	Ultrathin Bonded Wearing Course	4.75mm	9.5 4.75	100 40-55	3/4 - 1
		9.5mm	12.5 9.5	100 85-100	
MI	HMA Ultra- Thin		12.5 9.5 4.75	100 99-100 75-95	3/4
NC	Ultrathin Bonded Wearing Course		12.5 9.5 4.75	100 85-100 28-44	1/2 – 1 Mostly 5/8

# Practice in Other States

State	Term	Type	Sieve mm	%Pass	Thick- ness, in
NY	6.3 mm Polymer Modified HMA		9.5 6.3 4.75	100 90-100 90 (Max)	3/4 - 1
OH	Smoothseal	Type A	9.5 4.75 2.36	100 95-100 90-100	5/8 – 3/4
		Type B	12.5 9.5 4.75	100 95-100 85-95	3/4 - 1
TX	Crack Attenuating Mix (CAM)		12.5 9.5 4.75	100 95-100 70-90	

# Mat Thickness/NMAS Ratio

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**NMAS: Nominal Max. Aggregate Size**



Aggregate  
NMAS



Mat Thickness  
0.5 to 1.25 in

$$3 \leq \text{Ratio of Thickness to NMAS} \leq 5$$



# Importance of NMAS in Thickness

## Table shown with:

**Mat Thickness:**  
from 1.5 inches to 0.50 inches,  
and

**NMAS:**  
from 12.5 mm to 4.75 mm

 **Good**  
 **Ok**  
 **Avoid**

Mat Thickness		NMAS	Ratio
In	mm		
1.50	38.1	12.5	3.0
		9.5	4.0
		6.3	6.0
1.25	31.8	9.5	3.3
		6.3	5.0
		4.75	6.7
1.00	25.4	9.5	2.7
		6.3	4.0
		4.75	5.3
0.75	19.1	6.3	3.0
		4.75	4.0
0.50	12.7	6.3	2.0
		4.75	2.7

# **Significance of Aggregate Skid Resistance Level in Thin Asphalt**

**Two of the Most Important Properties  
Affecting Friction (Skid Resistance) Are:**

**1. Aggregate Microtexture**

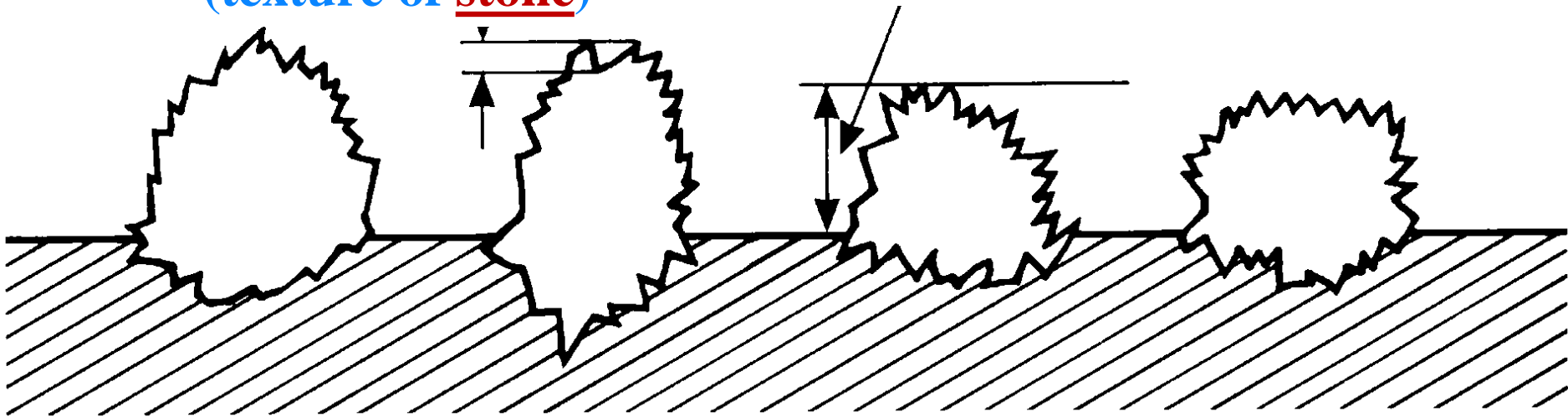
**2. Pavement Macrottexture**



# Significance of SRL in Thin Asphalt

**Micro**  
(texture of stone)

**Macro**  
(texture of road)



**As thickness gets smaller, harder to develop macro and more demand on micro.**







# **MIX DESIGN AND EVALUATION**

# **6.3 mm NMAS Mix Placed at 1 inch thickness**

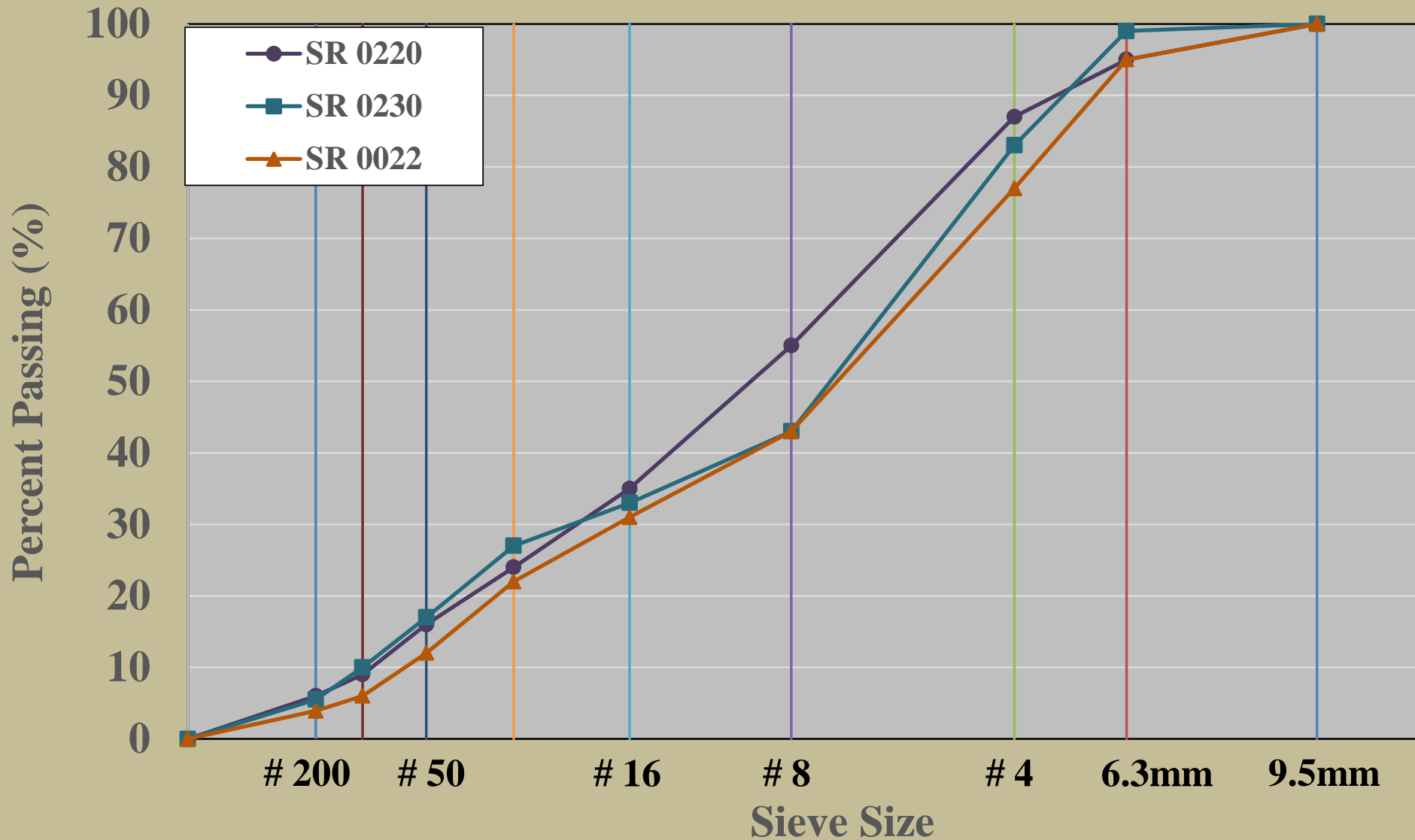


**Aggregate: Skid Resistance Level (SRL): E**  
**Polymer Modified Binder: PG 76-22 (for heavier traffic)**  
**Gyrations Level: 75**  
**Design Air Void: 4%, Min. Design VMA: 16.5%**  
**Design Binder Content: 6.7%; 7.0%; 6.9%**  
**NO RAP/RAS**



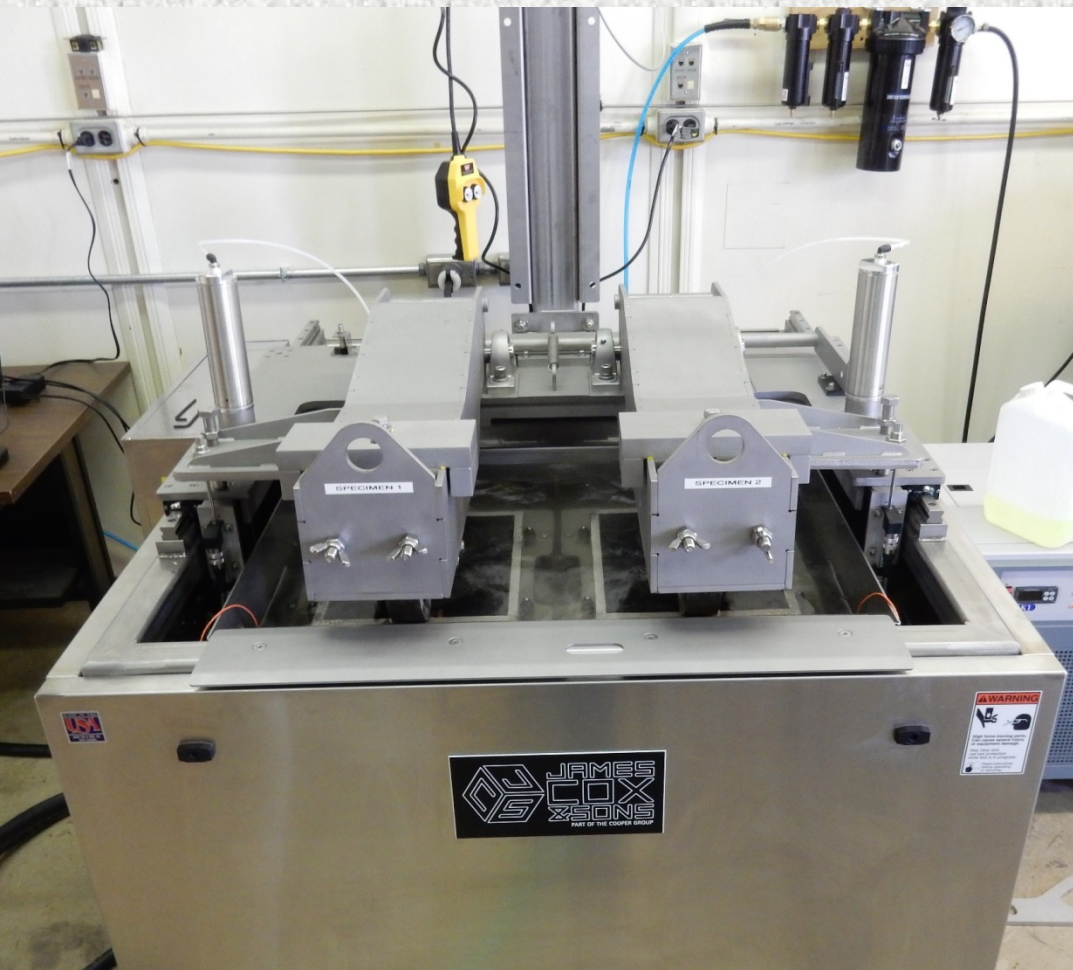
# 6.3 mm NMAS Mix

Aggregate Gradation of Three Pilot Projects





# Performance Evaluation - HWTD

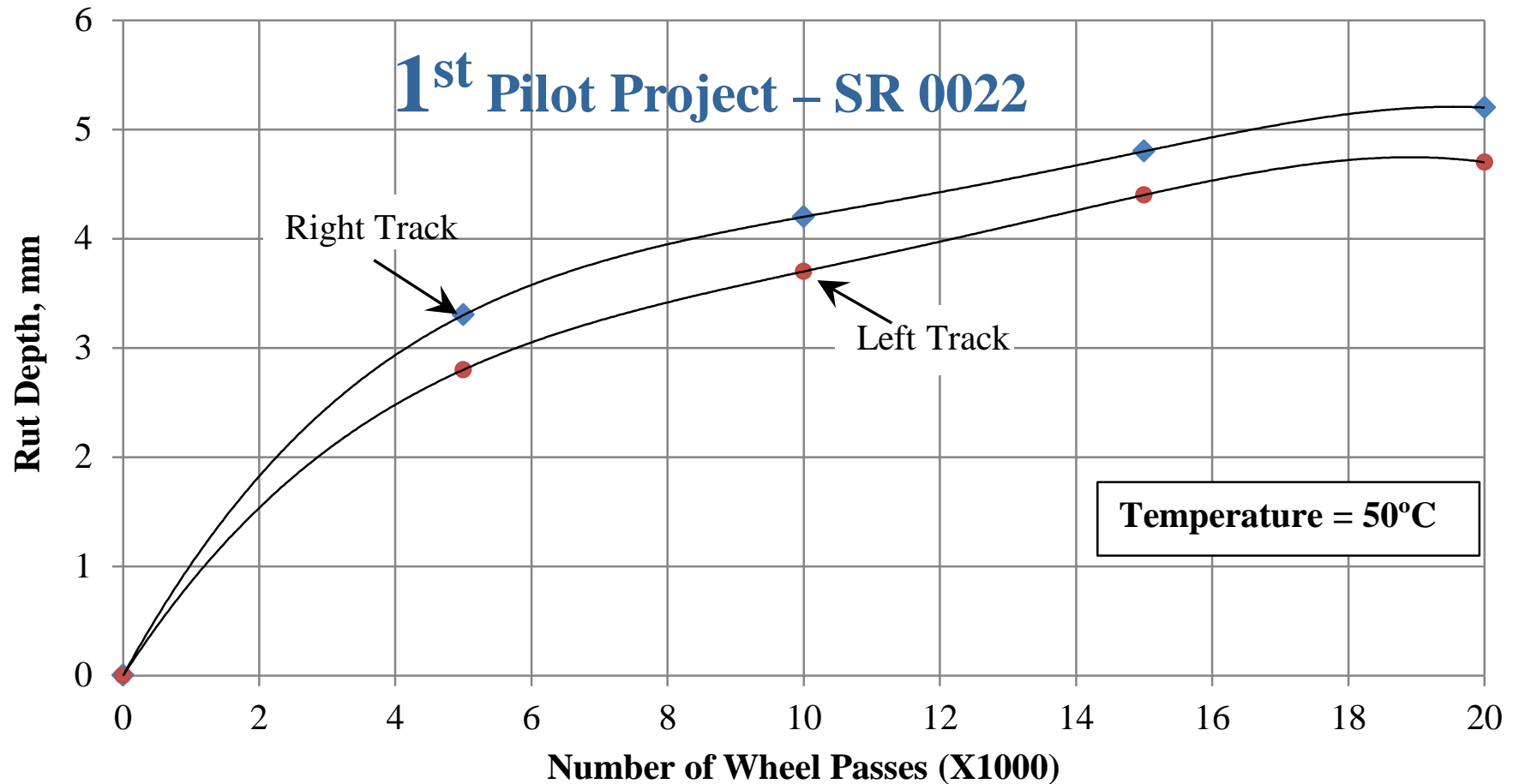


**Specimens under water**  
**Test Temperature: 50°C**  
**20,000 Passes**  
**50 Passes per minute**  
**158-lb load**



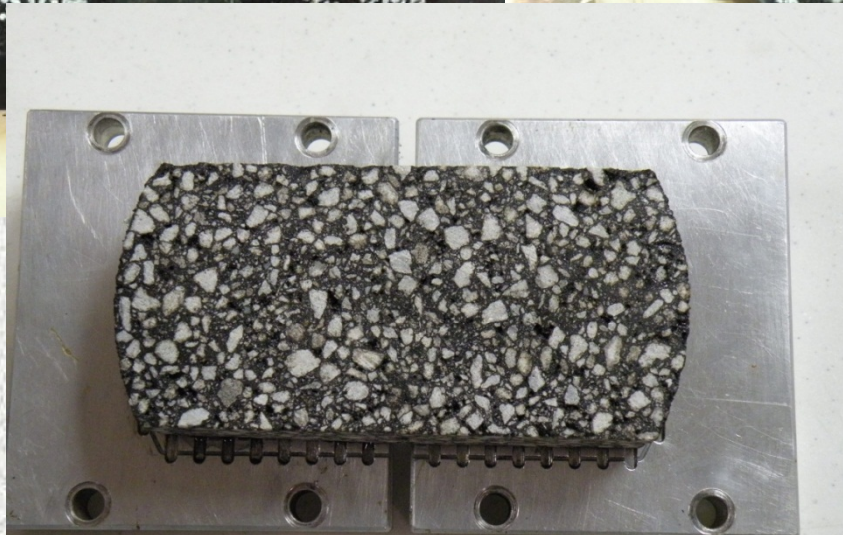
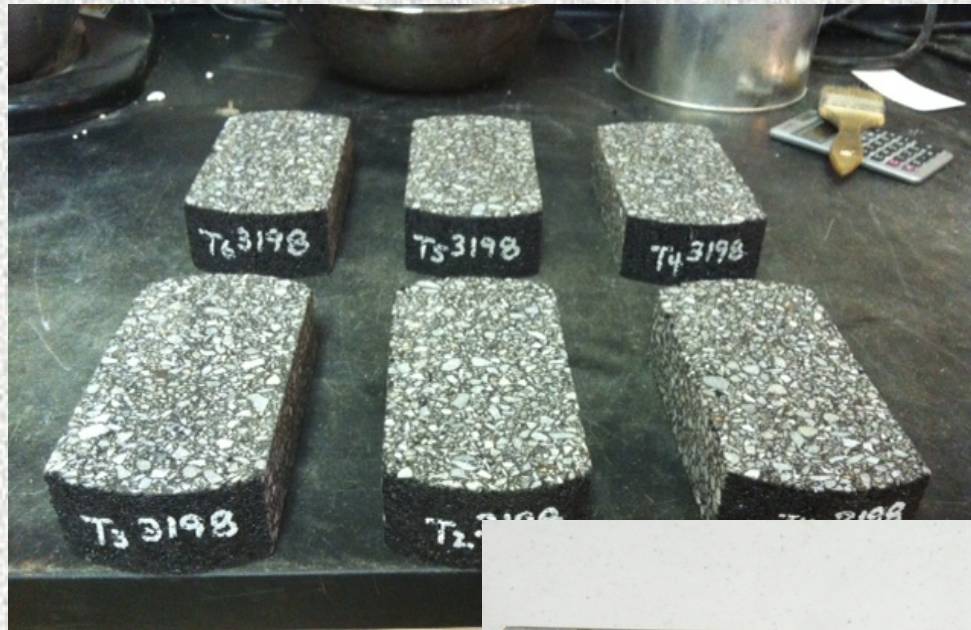
# Performance Evaluation - HWTD

## Thin Asphalt Overlay Project Hamburg Wheel Tracking Tests - 8/23/2012





# Performance Evaluation – Texas Overlay Tester



08.30.2012





# Performance Evaluation – Overlay Tester



**Test Temperature: 25°C**

**# of load cycles: 1000**

**Or until load reduced to  
93% of original**

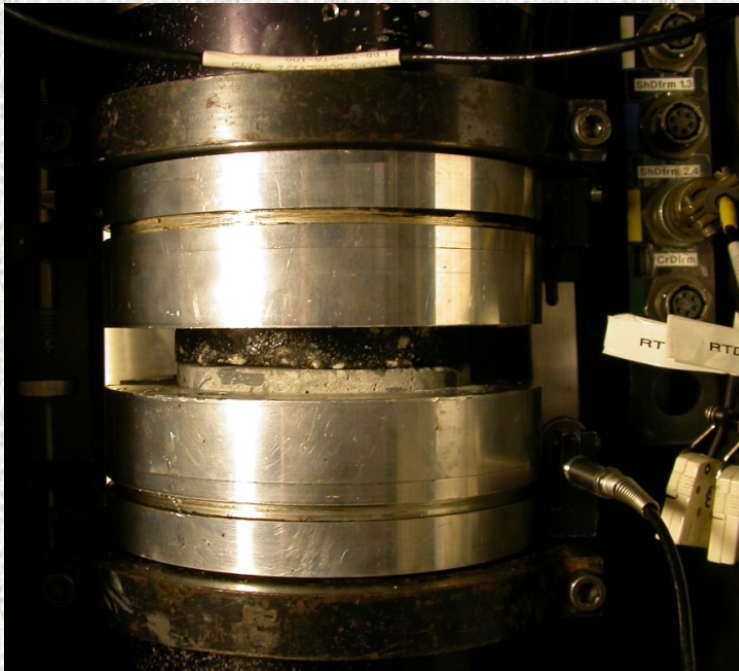
- **Repeated loading (triangular form) under constant deformation**
- **Deformation magnitude per load cycle: 0.025 inches (0.6 mm)**
- **Duration of each load cycle: 10 seconds**

**Cycles to failure > 500**

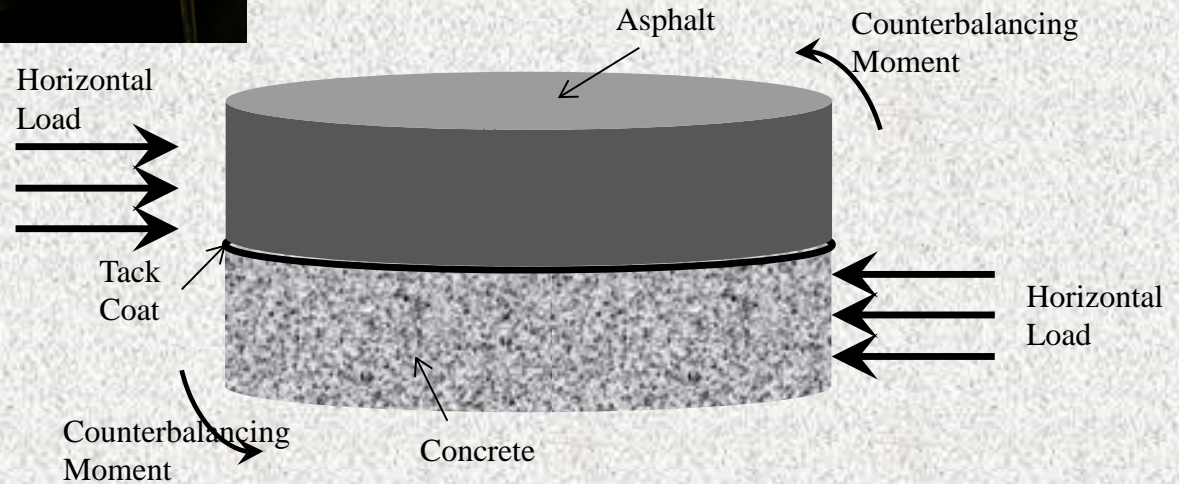
**Good Performance**



# Tack Coat Evaluation



## Direct Shear Applied at the Asphalt-Concrete Interface





# Tack Coat Evaluation



**Trimmed Core**



**Tested Specimen  
in Direct Shear**

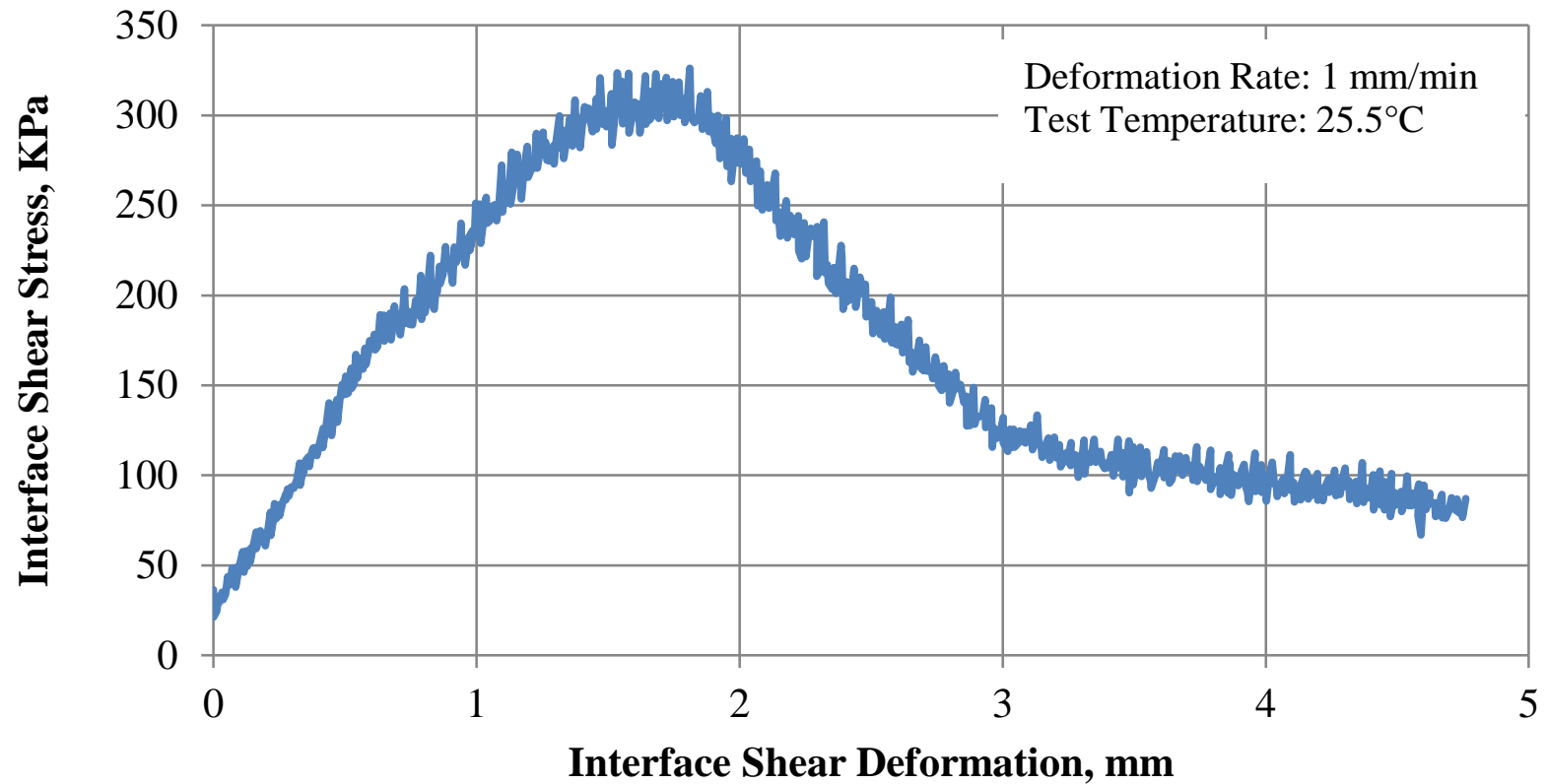




# Tack Coat Evaluation

**Shear Strength = 44.5 psi (307 KPa) - Good Performance**

## THMAO Project Tack Coat Evaluation - Core # 5



# **Recommended Requirements for Design of Asphalt Mix for Thin Lifts**

## **Asphalt Binder**

- **PG 76-22 or PG 64E-22 if ESALs > 3M**
- **PG 64-22 if ESALS  $\leq$  3M**
- **PG 76-22 or PG 64E-22 if grade  $\geq$  5% regardless of traffic level.**

## **Mix Design**

- **75 Gyration**
- **Air Void: 4.0%**
- **VMA: 16.5%**

# Recommended Requirements for Design of Asphalt Mix for Thin Lifts

## Aggregate, SRL E

### AGGREGATE GRADATION REQUIREMENTS, PERCENT PASSING

Sieve Size	Min. – Max.
3/8"	100 Min.
1/4"	90-100
No. 4	85 Max
No. 8	37-55
No. 50	8-25
No. 200	3-10

Pilot  
Projects  
%Pass#4

87

83

77



# **Recommended Requirements for Design of Asphalt Mix for Thin Lifts**

## **Tack Coat, CSS-1h**

<b>Surface Type</b>	<b>Residual Application Rate (Gallons/Square Yard)</b>
<b>New Asphalt Mixture</b>	<b>0.03 to 0.04</b>
<b>Oxidized Asphalt Mixture</b>	<b>0.04 to 0.06</b>
<b>Milled Asphalt Mixture</b>	<b>0.05 to 0.07</b>
<b>Milled PCC</b>	<b>0.05 to 0.07</b>
<b>Portland Cement Concrete</b>	<b>0.05 to 0.07</b>



# CONSTRUCTION OF THIN OVERLAYS



# Repair/Prepare the Base

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# Repair/Prepare the Base

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# Repair/Clean before Tacking





# Emulsion Tack Coat Application





# Rollers Follow Paver Closely

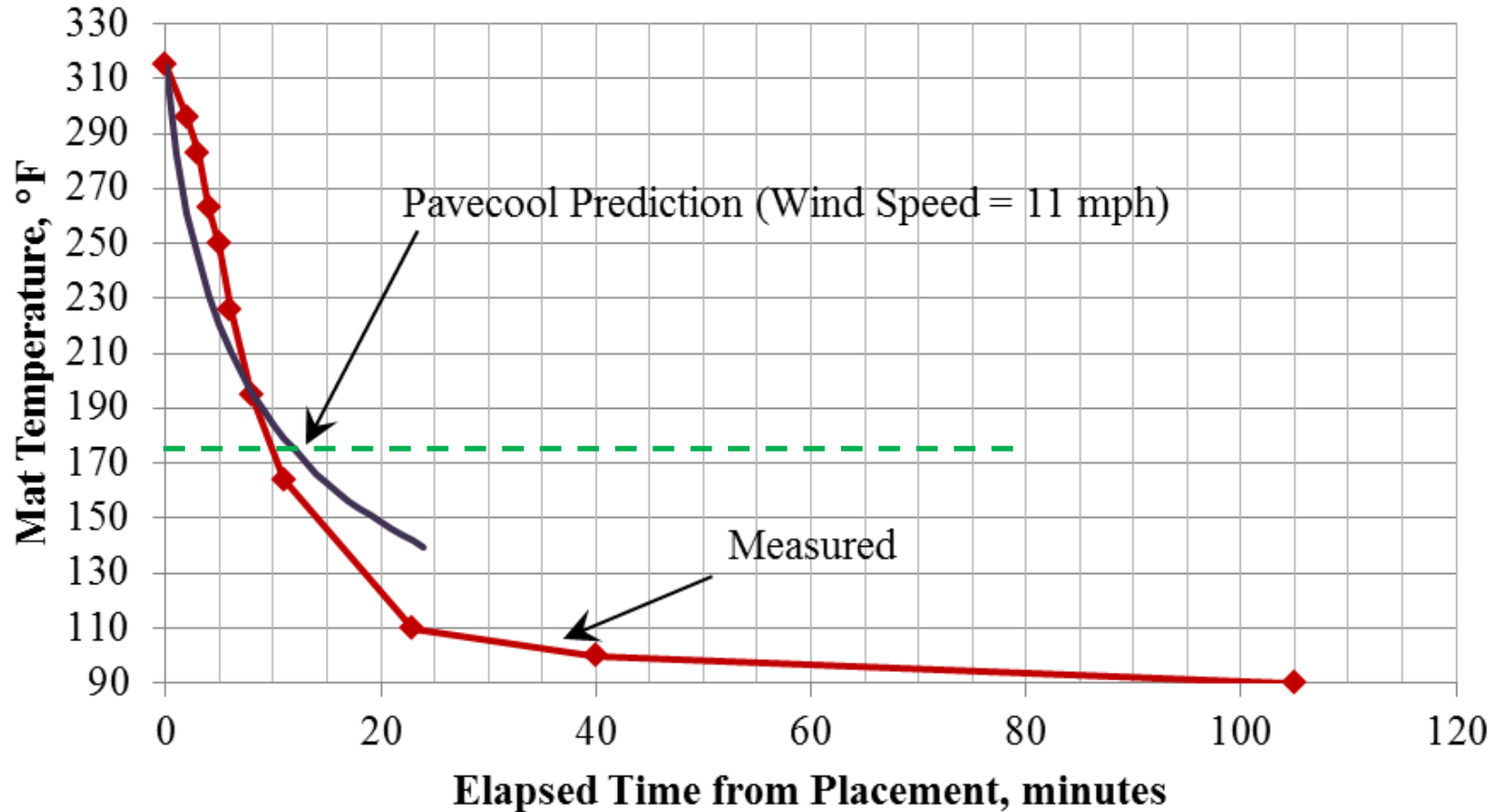
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**Concern  
with Mat  
Temperature**

# Mat Temperature

THMAO Project - N. Cameron Street, EB, Travel Lane  
Mat Temperature (Spot Measurement) - 7/25/2012





# Finished Overlay – SR 0022





# SR 230 – Finished Overlay



# SR 220 – Finished Overlay

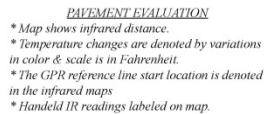






# QUALITY CONTROL OF THIN OVERLAYS





IR Data ends at GPR Reference Line.

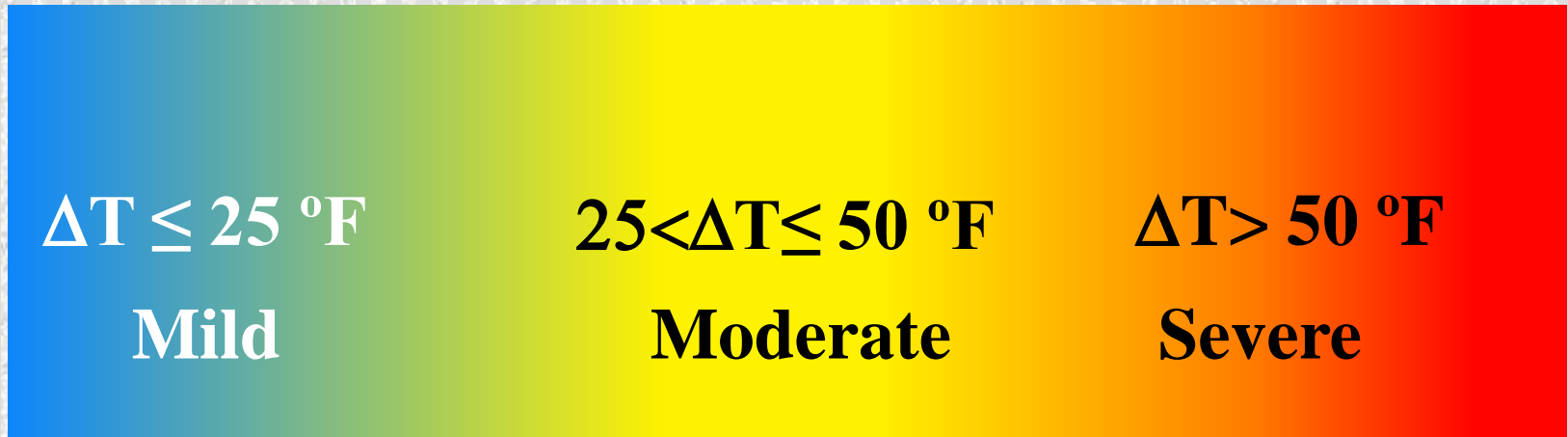
IR Detection - Pre Compaction



HARRISBURG, PA - Pavement Study  
SR 22 (N.Cameron) - EB Left Lane  
July 24, 2012 Page 1 of 1

# Thermal Segregation

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Less Temp. Variation



More Temp. Variation

More Uniformity



More Variability

# **Pave-IR™**

## **for thermal profiling**

- Continuous Temperature Measurement Using Infrared Sensor Bars
- Gives Paver Speed, Idle Time, Position







# Pave-IR™ for thermal profiling

09.06.2013 11:44



# Coring for Density & Lab Testing





# Ground Penetrating Radar



**AID Integrated Testing Vehicle**  
**Courtesy of Advanced Infrastructure Design, Inc.**

**Can GPR provide a reliable estimate  
of mat density?**

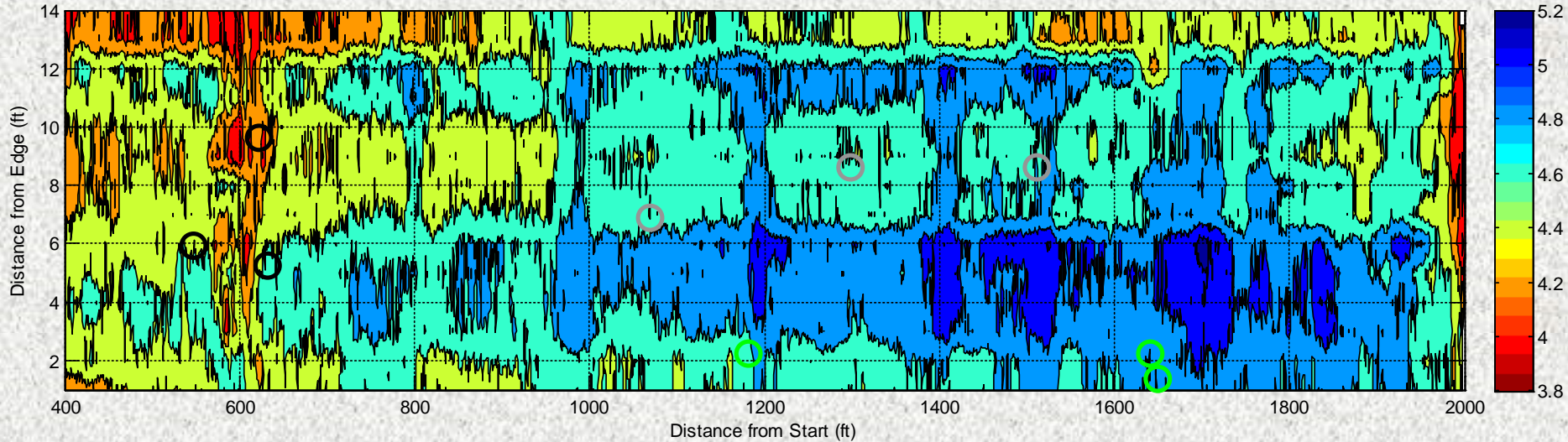




# Air Coupled GPR



# Dielectric Distribution Map



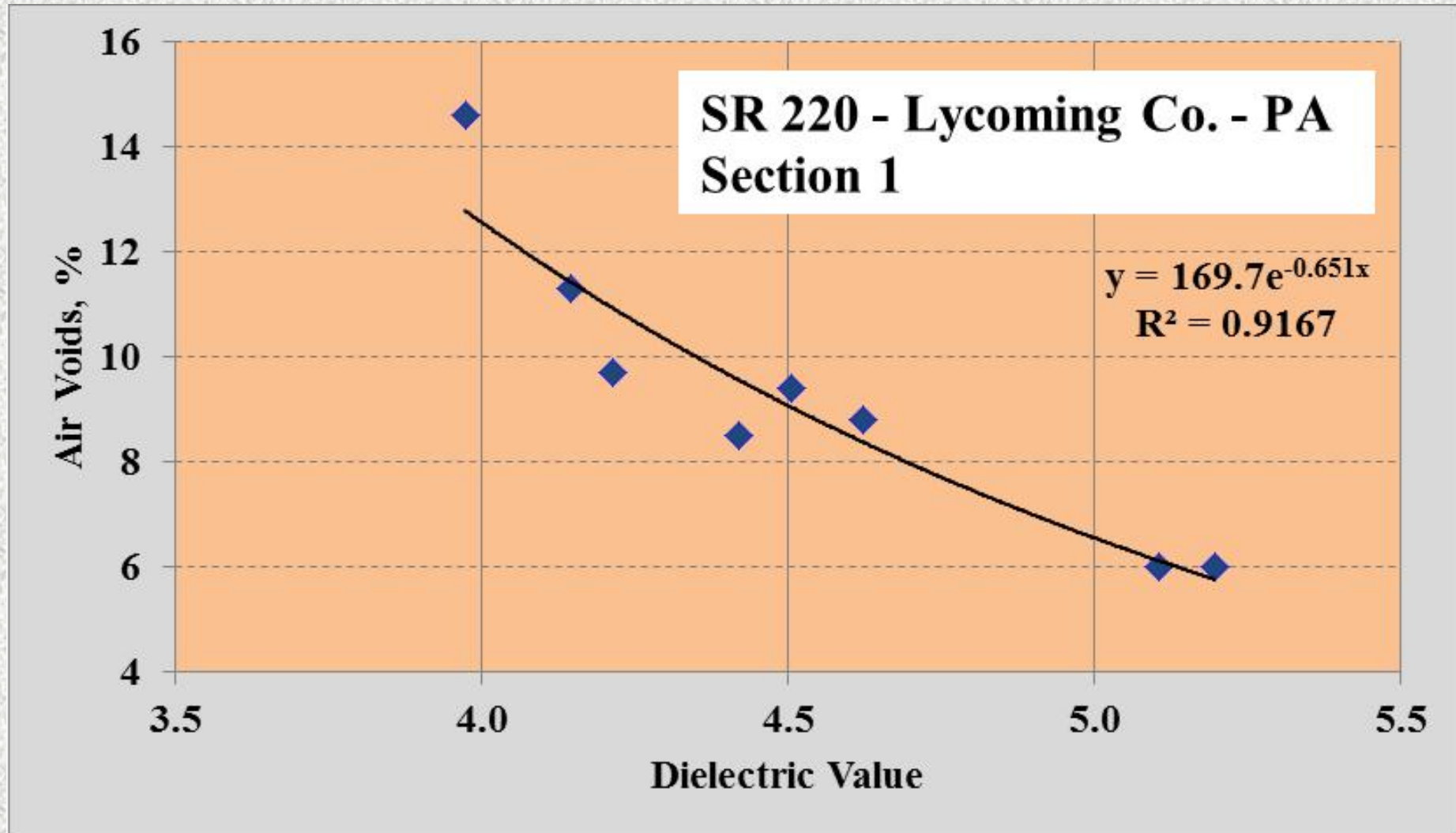
**LOW dielectric area (estimated HIGH air voids)**

**HIGH dielectric area (estimated LOW air voids)**





# GPR Dielectric-Air Void Relationship





# PERFORMANCE OF THIN OVERLAYS



# Performance – SR 0022



**Before  
paving**



**Nov. , 2013  
≈ 15 months  
after paving**





# Performance – SR 0022





# Performance – SR 0022

45 months  
after paving





# Performance – SR 0022

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45 months  
after paving

04.18.2016 08:25



# SR 230 – Before THMAO



05.09.2013 10:48





# SR 230 – Performance



34 months  
after paving

04.19.2016 09:45



# SR 230 – Performance



34 months  
after paving

04.19.2016 09:49



# SR 220 – Performance



32 months  
after paving

04.20.2016 08:52



# SR 220 – Performance

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**32 months  
after paving**

04.20.2016 09:21



# Skid Resistance Results

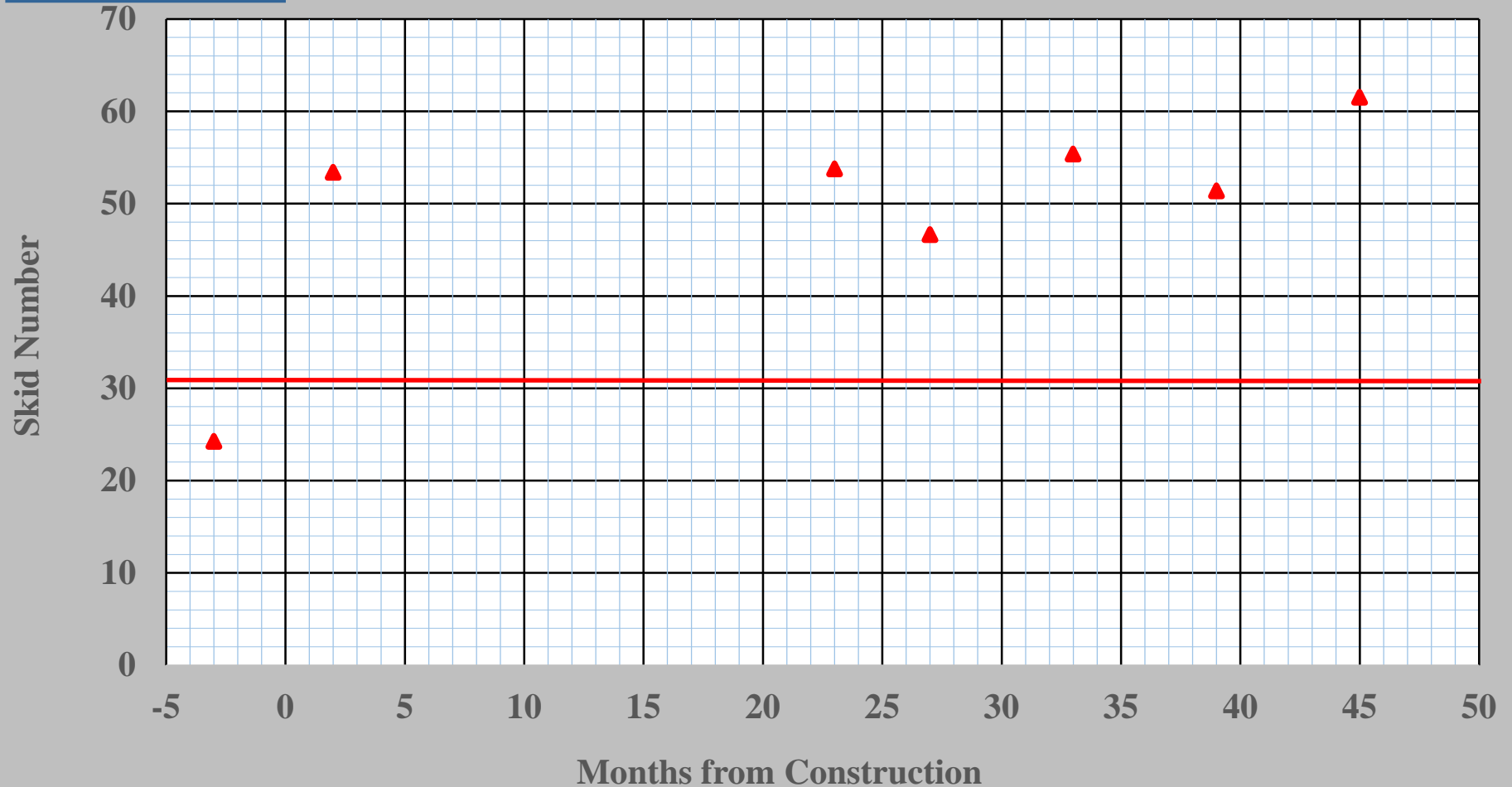




# Friction Improvement

**SR 0022**

Average Skid Number vs. Month of Service  
Constructed in July 2012

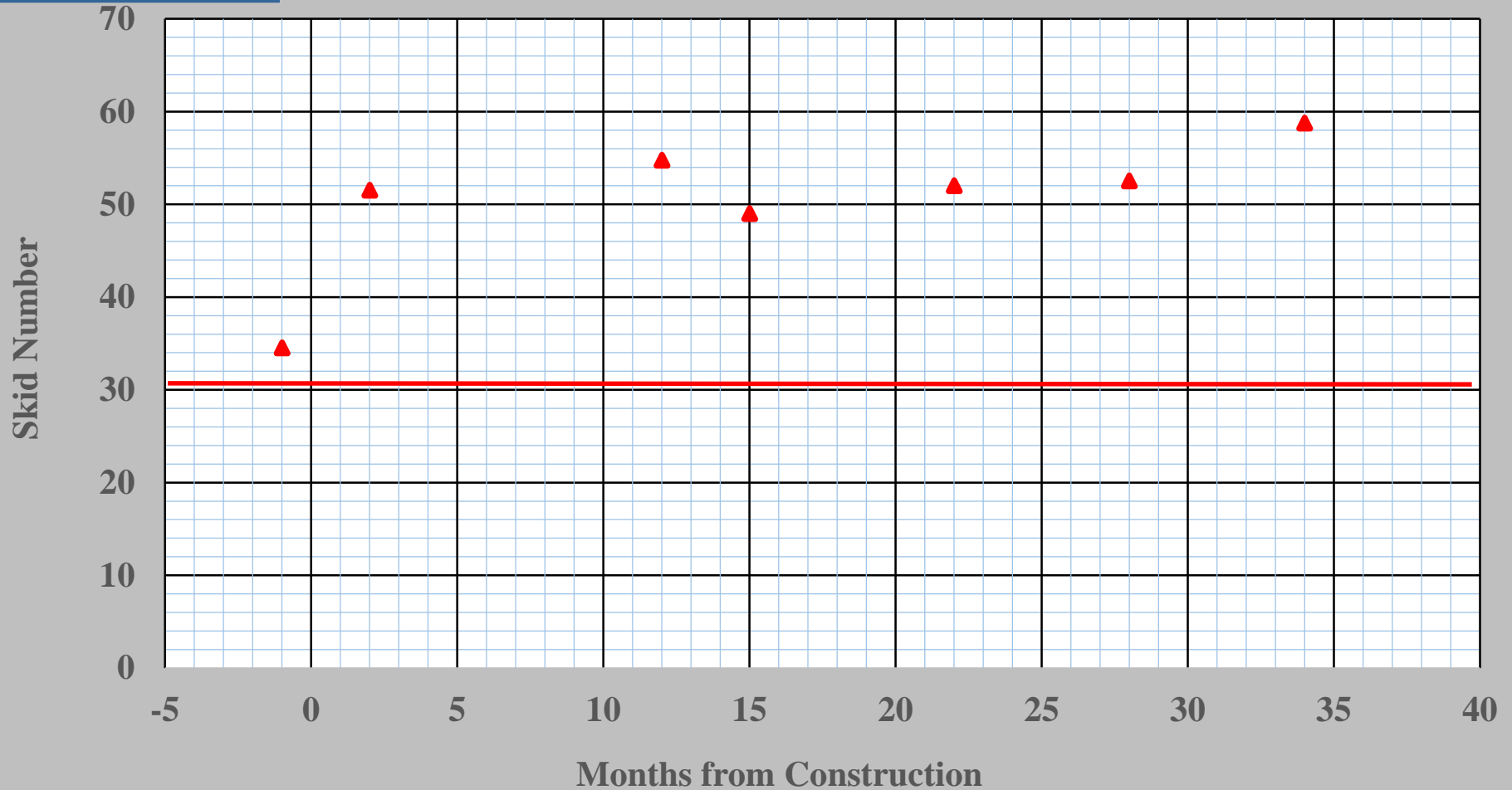


Data: Courtesy of PennDOT BOMO

# Friction Improvement

**SR 0230**

Average Skid Number vs. Month of Service  
Constructed in June 2013



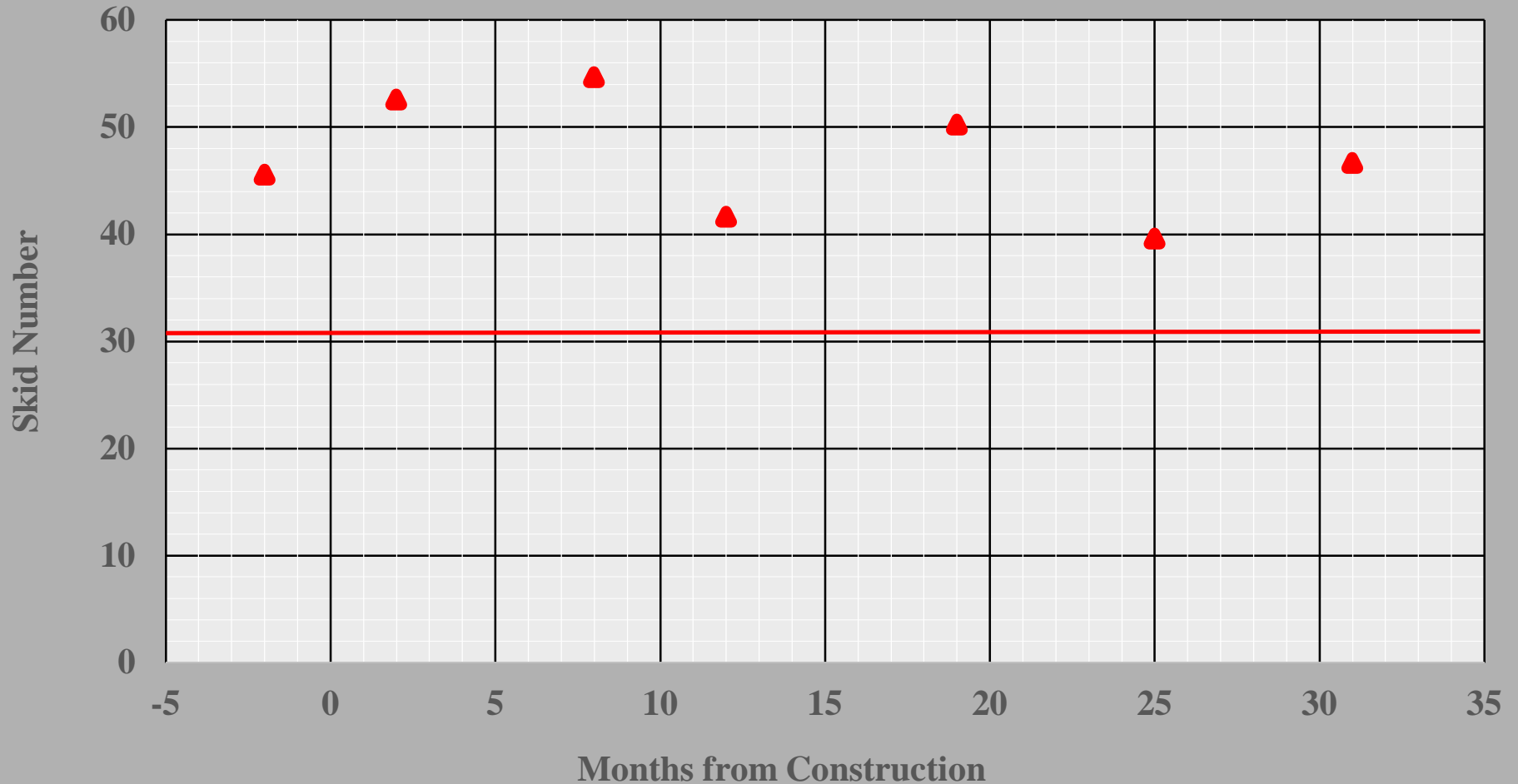
Data: Courtesy of PennDOT BOMO



# Friction Improvement

**SR 0220**

Average Skid Number vs. Month of Service  
Constructed in September 2013



**Data: Courtesy of PennDOT BOMO**

# Rutting



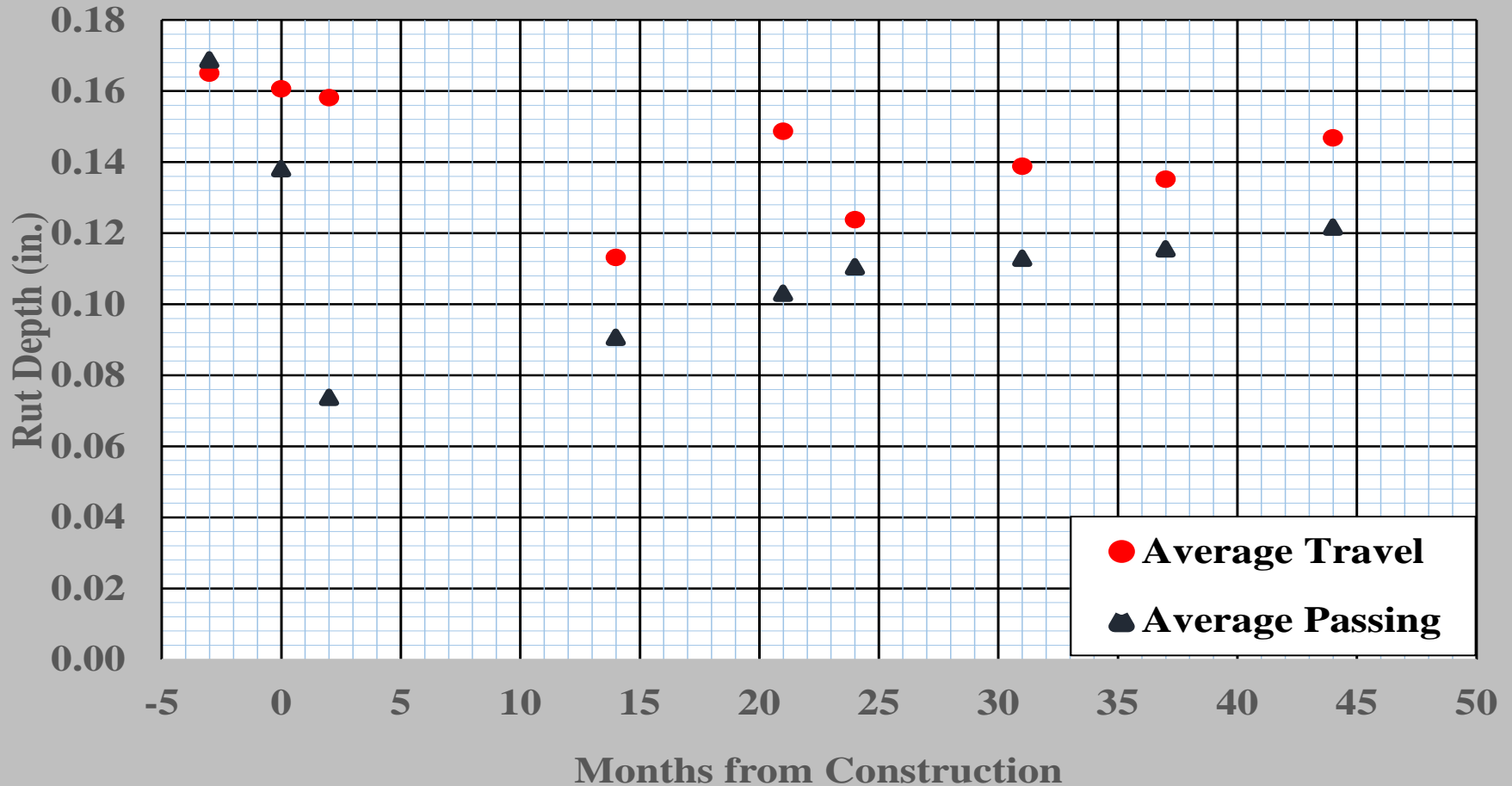
10.08.2014 11:14



# Rutting

**SR 0022**

Average Rut Depth vs. Month of Service  
SR22  
Constructed in July 2012



Data: Courtesy of PennDOT BOMO

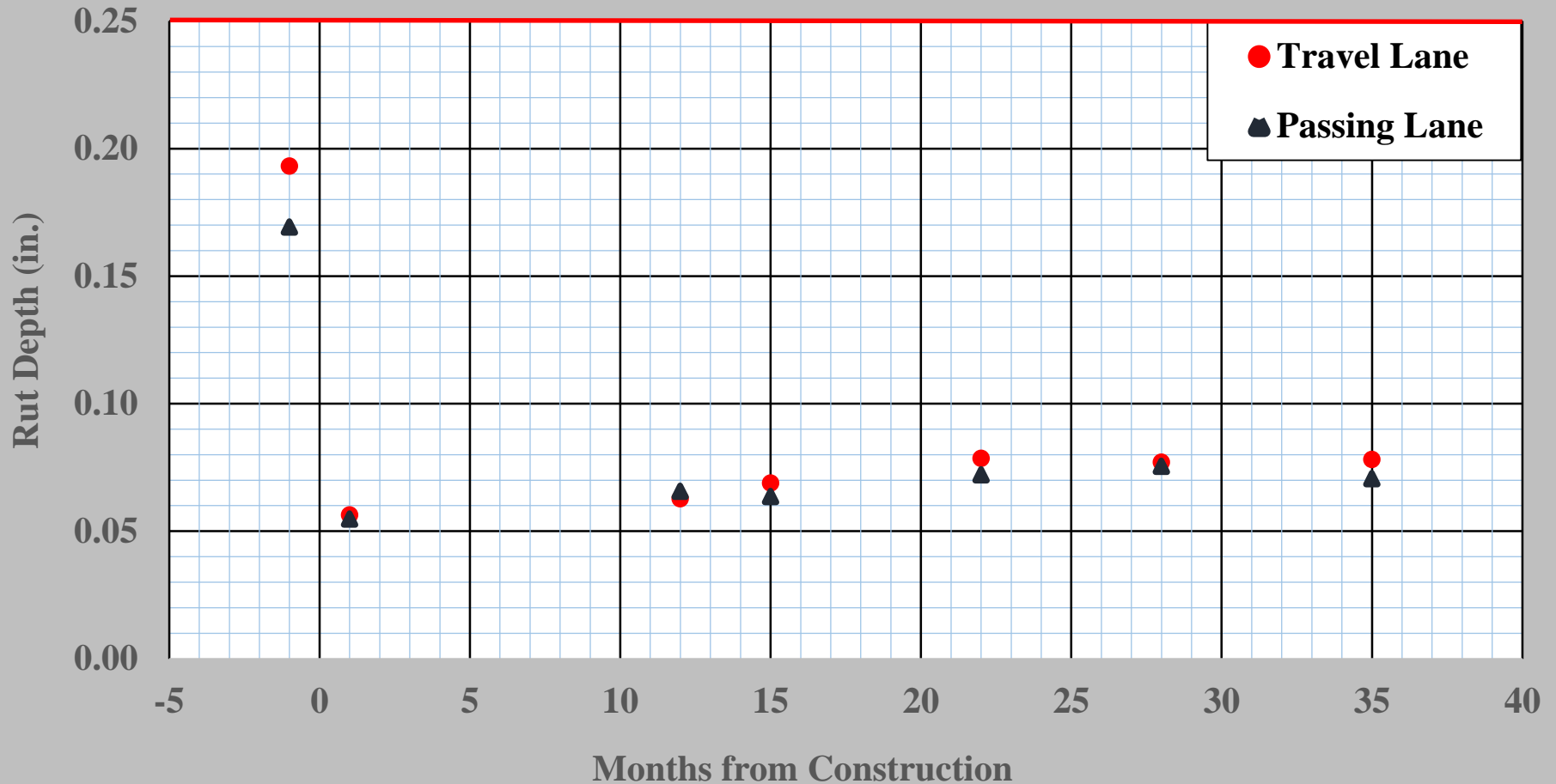
# Rutting

**SR 0230**

Average Rut Depth vs. Month of Service

SR230

Constructed in June 2013



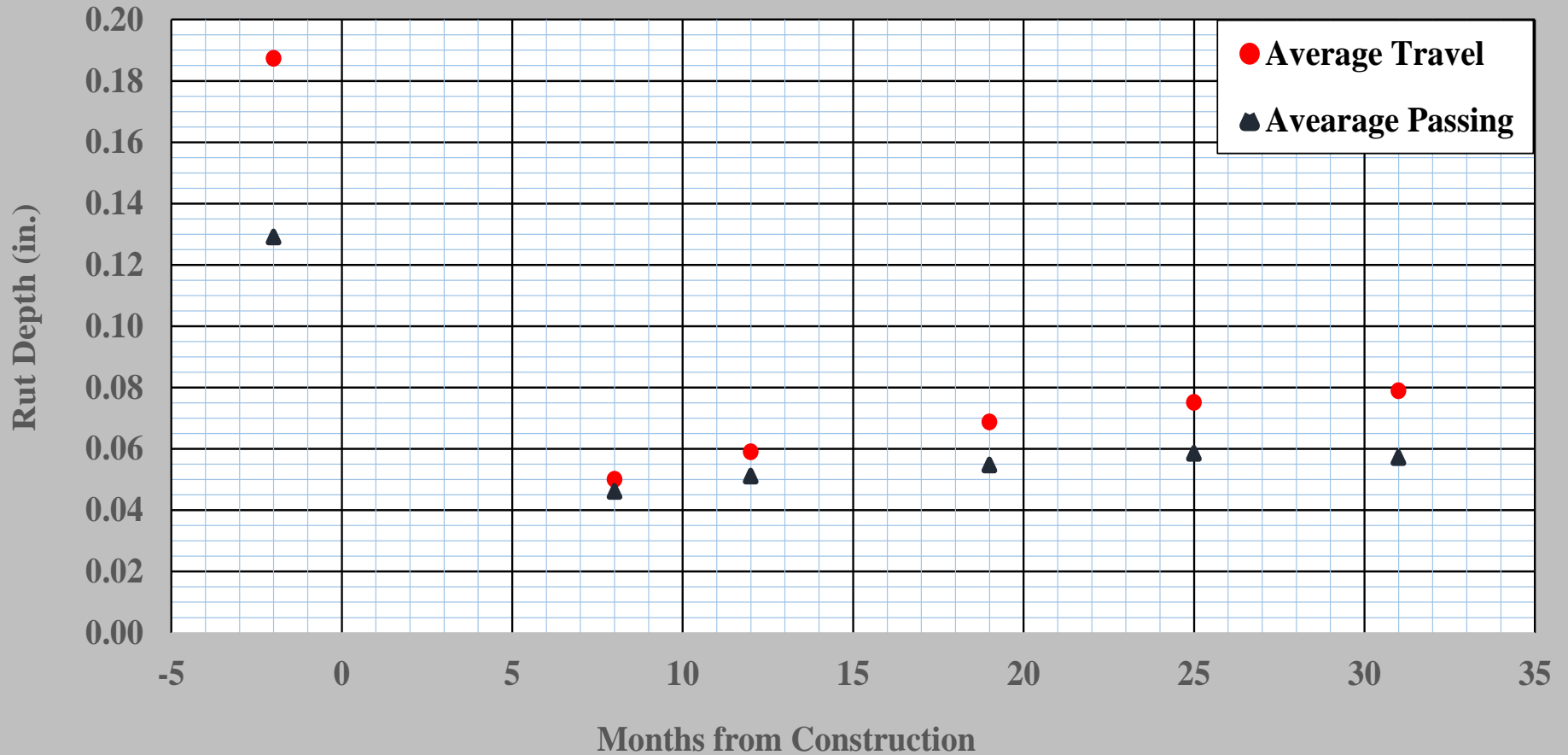
Data: Courtesy of PennDOT BOMO



# Rutting

**SR 0220**

Average Rut Depth vs. Month of Service  
SR220  
Constructed in September 2013



Data: Courtesy of PennDOT BOMO

# Ride Quality & Smoothness





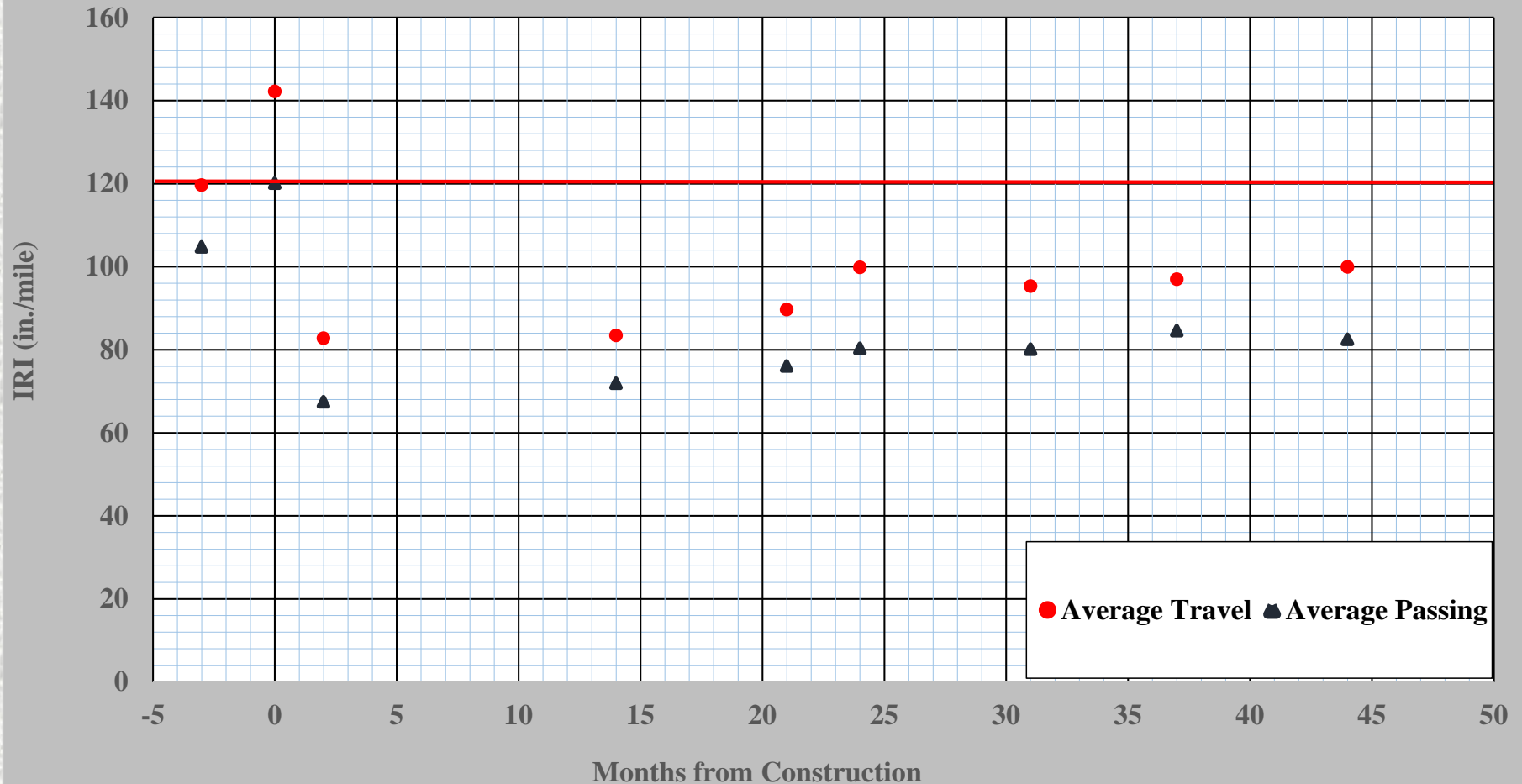
# Ride Quality (Smoothness) Improvement

**SR 0022**

Average IRI vs. Month of Service

SR 0022

Constructed in July 2012

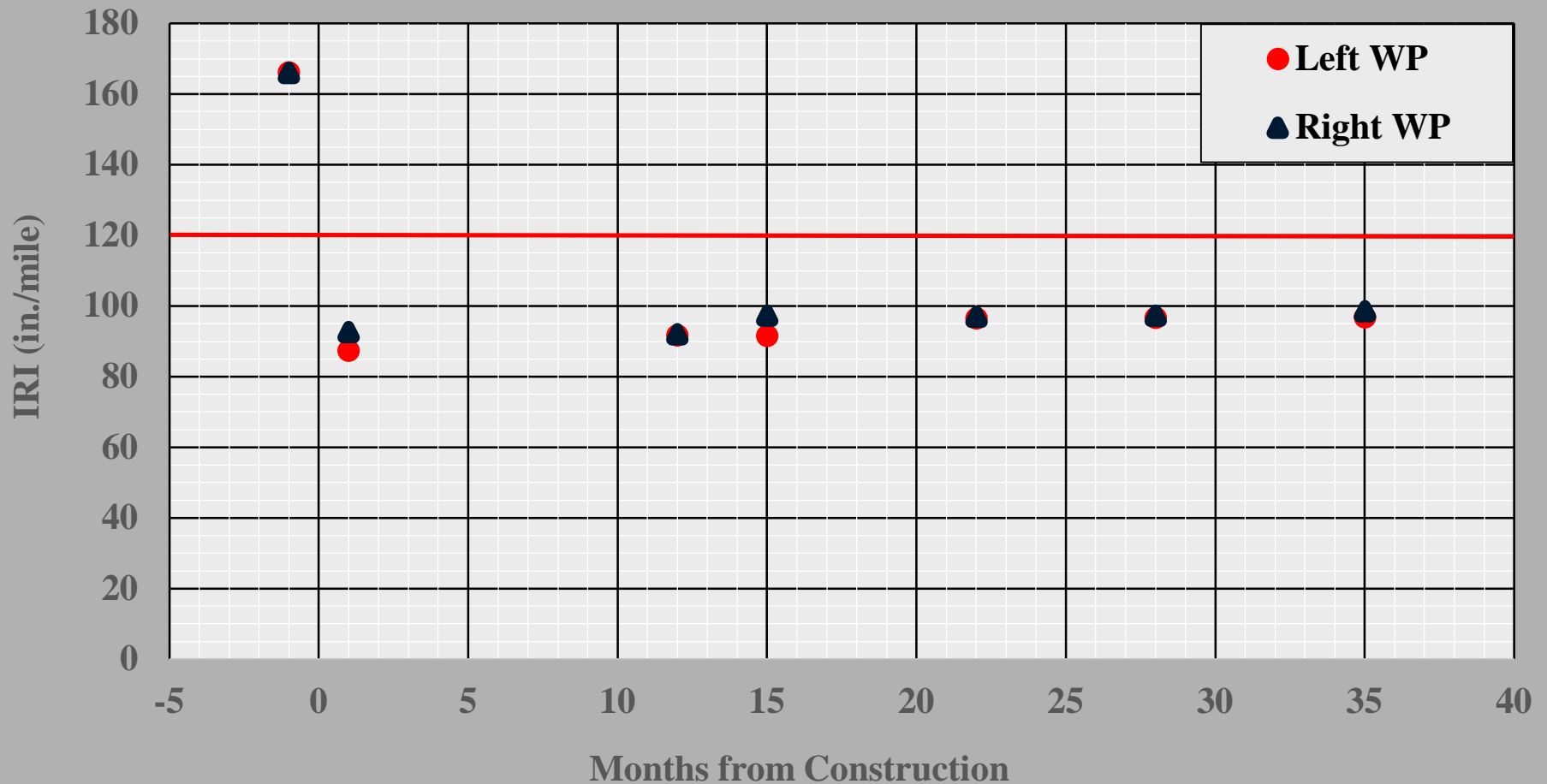


Data: Courtesy of PennDOT BOMO

# Ride Quality (Smoothness) Improvement

**SR 0230**

IRI vs. Month of Service  
SR230-Seg 290 East Travel Lane  
Constructed in June 2013



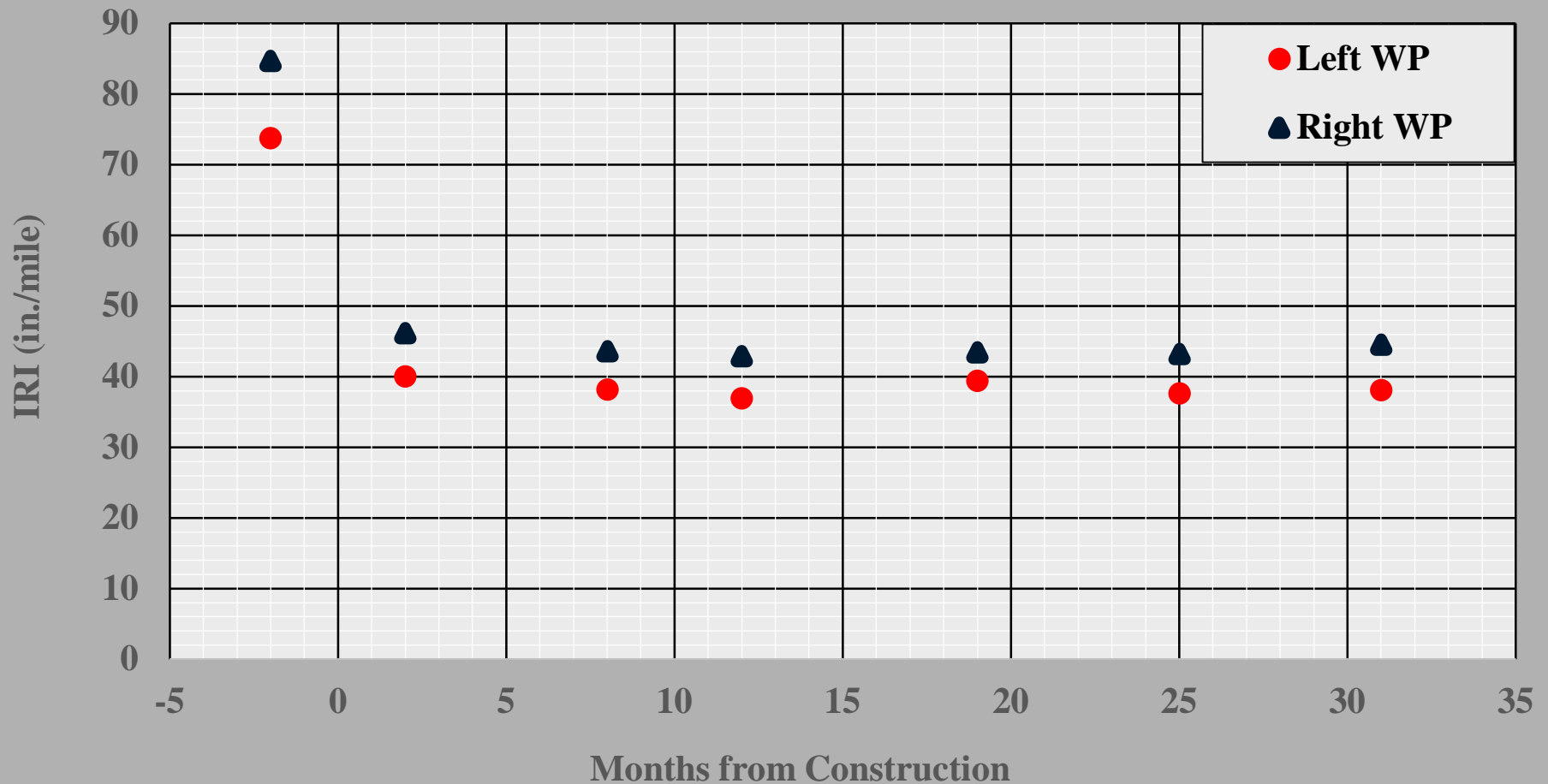
**Data: Courtesy of PennDOT BOMO**



# Ride Quality (Smoothness) Improvement

**SR 0220**

IRI vs. Month of Service  
SR220-Seg 10 North Passing Lane  
Constructed in September 2013



**Data: Courtesy of PennDOT BOMO**

# Summary

- **Thin Asphalt A Good Tool for Surface Treatment**
- **Proper Base Repair is a MUST**
- **Improved Ride and Friction**
- **Improved Ride and Friction Maintained**
- **Minimal Rutting Observed**





# Summary

## ■ Concerns:

- Rapid Mat Cooling
- Reflection of cracks is a challenge on jointed or cracked pavement

## ■ Advanced Tech for Quality Control:

- GPR-Density results are promising
- Thermal Imaging

## ■ Good Mix Lab Performance:

- Rutting and Moisture Resistance (HWTD)
- Crack Resistance (Texas Overly Test)



**Thank You!**

